Negative Phase-Sequence Filters With Independent Arms 105-58-6-7/33

SUBMITTED: April 30, 1957

1. Electric filters--Performance 2. Electric filters--Mathematical analysis 3. Electric filters--Equipment

Card 4/4

VITANOV, A.B., inzh.

Theory and application of three-phase system components.

Elektrichestvo no.6:77-84 Je\*64 (MIRA 1727)

1. Institut emergetiki, Sofiya, Bolgariya.

VITANOV, A.B., inzh.

New device for locating damaged phases. Elek. sta. 33 no.5:61-66 My 162.

1. Institut energetiki Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk.
(Electric power distribution)
(Electric measurements)

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CZECHOSLOVAYTA O. VINAR [Same affiliation as above.] "Heus in Clanical Use of Psychopharmucologic Drugs." I rague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vel 5, No 1, Jan 63; pp 93-165. Abstract [English summary modified]: A general review of the current literature. In addition to the usual US drugs, comments about the Czech anti-euphoriane (for agitated, mario patterra) phenoharmane, bis-homoresarpine which author found essentially come as reserpine clinically, chlorproheptadiens (Cl analog of anitripulina), dichlexpromazine, the Bungarian trickering and the Soviet di-isopropylputrescine and a few other Czech analogs of drugs well known in the West. One Hungarian, 6 Soviet, 35 Czech and 10 Western references. -1/1

VITANOV, Aleksandur B., inzh.

Inteshold characteristics of phase comparison relays and networks with 180 operating range. Teknika Bulg 13 no.9:6-9 '64.

1. Institute of Electric Power Engineering.

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VITANOV, A.B., inzh. (Bolgariya, Sofiya).

Negative phase-sequence filters with independent arms. Elektrichestvo (MIRA 11:6) no.6:29-32 Je '58.

(Electric filters)

MICHEV, V., dots. kand. na tekh. nauki.; VITANOV, D., inzh.

Quality of the Bulgarian low-carbon steels for the manufacture of wire and binding materials. Min delo 18 no.3:22-25 163.

USSR/Cultiveble Plants - grains.

1:--

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: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10741

Author

: Kryukov, A.I., Vitanov, D.P.

Inst

: Kamenako-Dnepropetrovsk Testing Amelioration Station

Title

: Corn Under Conditions of Irrigation.

Orig Pub

: Kukuruza, 1956, No 6, 20-22

Abstract

: The Kamensko-Dnepropetrovsk Testing Amelioration Station has determined (1050-1955) that in years of average dryness corn yields are more than double by irrigation. The best predecessors of irrigated corn are grains, potato, and melon-vegetable crops. /vlagovaryadkovyy/ irrigation is best done in October-November (normal rate -- 900-1000 m³/hectare); in the second part of the summer at least tow vegetation irrigations should be given (at 600-700 m³/hectare): the first during the phase when panicles are

Card 1/2

SSR/Cultivable plantecerst: 09/01/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860110018-5"

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10741

being discarded, and the second -- when the ears are filling out with grain. Up to 400 centners of green mass per hectare were harvested from a corn field which followed a harvest of early vegetables and winter wheat.

RUBIN, V.F.; VITANOV, D.R.

[Cabbage]Kapusta. Kyiv, Derzh.vyd-vo sil's'kohospodars'koi
lit-ry URSR, 1961. 91 p.

(Cabbage)

(Cabbage)

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VITANOV, G.

Obtainment of rolled metals with minus tolerances. Min delo 18 no.3:25-26 '63.

1. Nauchnoizsledovatelski institut po cherna metalurgiia.

 Sound	range	in	radio	broadcasting.	Takhni ka	B <sub>11</sub> 7 ø	10	no-1:2/-26	161.
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WITANOV, K.

"Filters for Elimination of Interferences."

p 45 (Radic I Televiziia, Vol. 7, No. 6, 1958, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 11, Nov. 1958
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VITANOV, K.

Limits of maximal amplitude in amplifiers. p.57. (RADIO I TELEVIZIIA, Vol. 6, no. 3, 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 12, December 1957 Uncl.

VITANOV, K.

Calculating the filter choking coil in current-rectified group. p. 56. (RADIO I TELEVIZIIA, Vol. 6, no. 4, 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 12, December 1957 Uncl.

VITANOV, K.

Arrangement of loud-speakers in modern radio sets. p. 38. (RADIO I TELEVIZIIA, Vol. 6, no. 5, 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) IC, Vol. 6, no. 12, December 1957 Uncl.

VITANOV, K.

Tune regulator in modern radio reveivers. p. 4. (RADIO I TELEVIZIIA, Vol. 6, no. 6, 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria.)

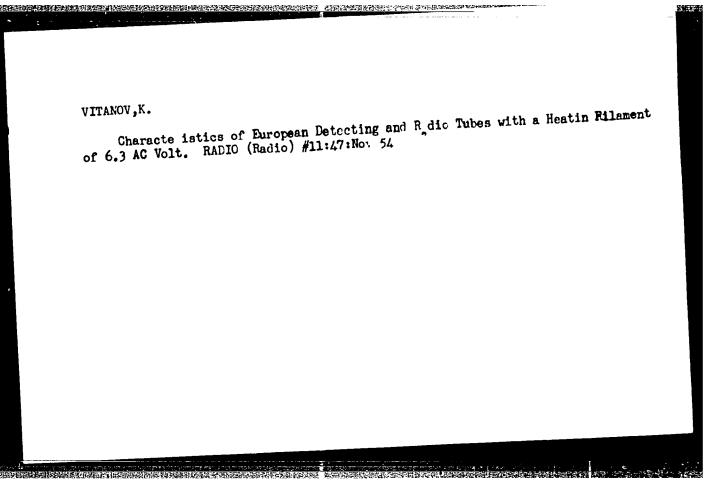
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (ETAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 12, December 1957 Uncl.

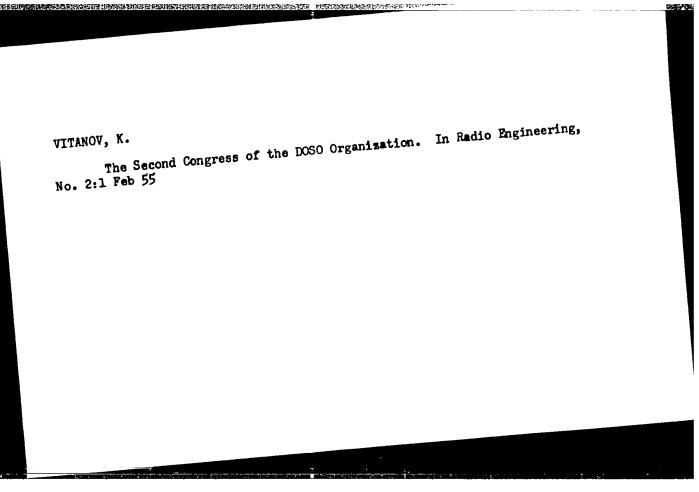
VITANOV, K.

Current Regulator Groups. RADIC (Racio) #11:37:Nov 54

VITANOV, K.

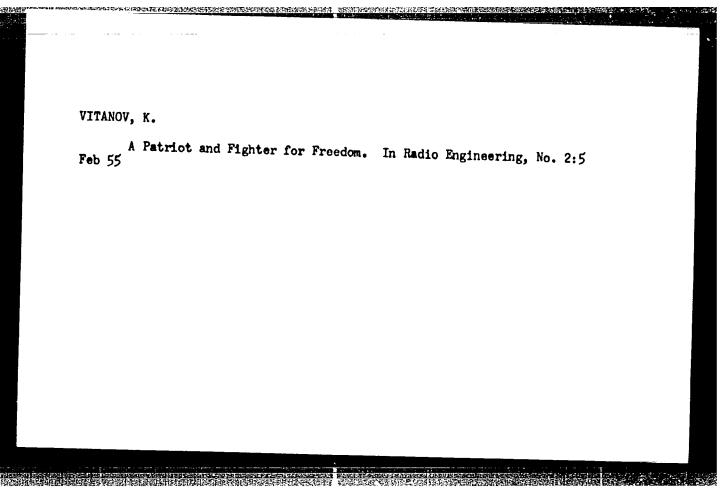
Calculation of the Smoothing Filter Choke. RADIO (Radio) #11:43:Nov 54

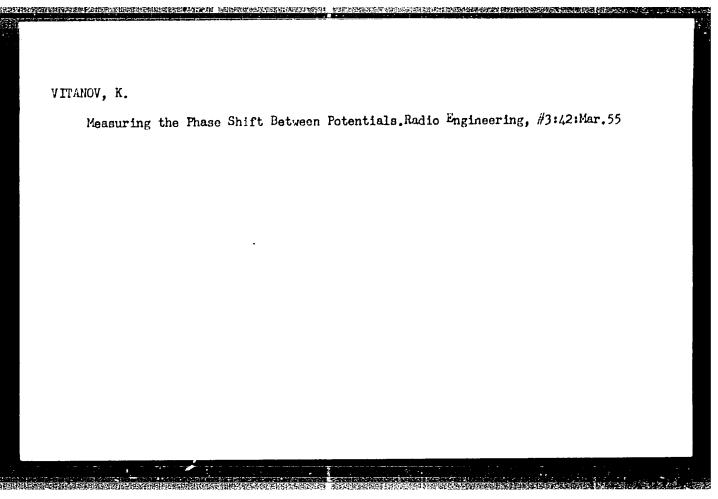


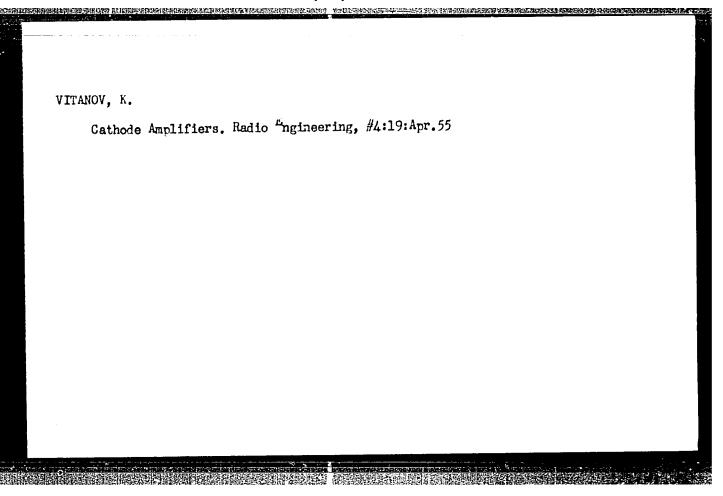


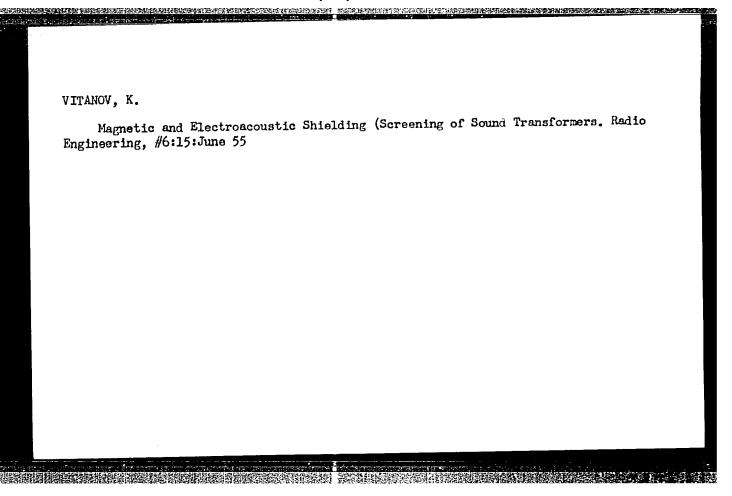
VITANOV, K.

Radio Communication in the First Years Since the Founding of the Soviet Army (In the War of Intervention). In Radio Engineering, No. 2:3 Feb 55









VITANOV, K.

VITANOV, K. Nonlinear curves with low-frequency amplifiers. p. 34. Vol. 5, no. 11, 1956 ELEKTROENERGIIA. Sofiia, bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol 6, No. 4--April 1957

VITANOV, K.

Magnetic and electroascoustic projection of sound transfermers. p. 15.

Vol. 4, no. 6, 1955 RADIO Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: Egstern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 4 April 1956

VITANOV, K.

Calculation of acoustics in a radio transmitting studio. p. 81.

到上午的时间,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们

Vol. 4, no. 7/8, 1955 RADIO Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 14 April 1950

VITAMOV, K.

Antennas for the radio wire system. p. 46.

Vol. 4, no. 9, 1955 PADIO Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 4 April 1956

VITANOV, K.

Vitanov, K. Cathode-ray tubes. p. 19. RADIO. Sofiya. Vol. 4, no. 4, 1955.

So: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 11, Nov. 1955, Uncl.

VITANOV, L.

The manufacture of agricultural machinery in Bulgaria. Tr. from the Bulgarian.

P. 246. (Zemedelske Stroje.) (Praha, Czechoslavakia) Vol. 2, No. 11, Nov. 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC. Vol 7 No. 5, May 1958

VITAHOV, M.

Advantageuos coordination of irrigation with water-power production in helgaria. p. 40 Khidrotekhnika I Kelioratsii Vol. 3, No. 2, 1956. Sofiia Bulgaria

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (FEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 10, Oct. 58

VITAN)V, M

Coordinated use of water for electric-power installations and irrigation. p. 17. TEKHNIKA, Sofiya, Vol. 4, no. 6, Aug./Sept. 1955.

S): Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956, Uncl.

VITANOV, Mikhail, d-r.

Economic effect of the pumping stations at the "Begleka", and "Toshkov chark" dams during 1959 and 1960. Elektroenergiia 12 no.9: 8-11 '61.

(Pumping stations) (Electric power)

State to contract a contract c	Elizabeth Section
VITANOV, H.	
"More machines for agriculture" (p. 20) KOOPERATIVNO ZEMEDELTE (Ministerstvo na zemedelieto) Sofiya Vol 8 No 12 1953	
SO: East European Accessions List Vol 2 No 7 Aug 1954	
	(1.15)

VITANOV, Mikhail, d-r

Some improtant economic problems in the exploitation of large dams in Bulgaria. Elektroenergiia 14 no. 12: 3-6 D '63.

BULGARIA / Diseases of Cultivated Plants.

0

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, No 39704

Luthor

: Vitanov, M. M.

Inst

: Dryanov Vegetable Experimental Station (Bulgaria)

Title

: New Possibilities for Controling Red Leaf Spot on Plum

Trees.

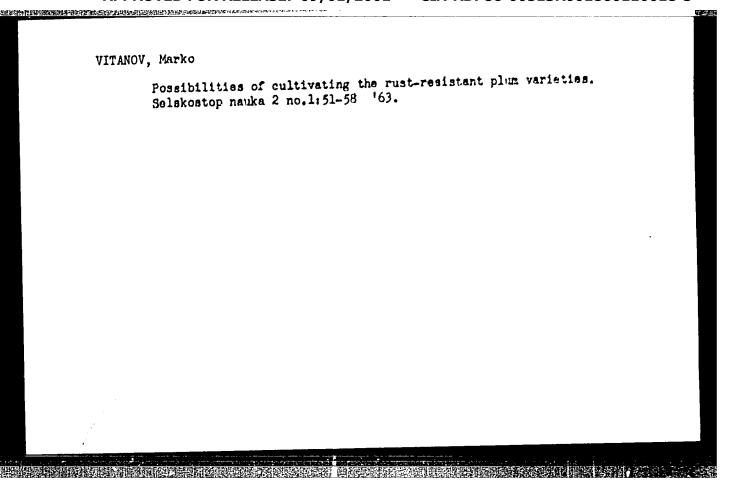
Orig Pub

: Byul. rastit. zashchita, 1957, 6, No 1, 37-41.

Abstract

The spraying of the soil under the trees with 1% "selinon" in the fall, after the shedding of leaves, or in the spring, before the opening of the buds, guarantees an almost total destruction of the stromata fungus. It prevents the formation of perithecia with ascospores, which cause this spring infection. Selinon in concentrations of 1.5, 1.0 and 0.5% is considerably much more effective than 1% Bordeaux mixture, 1% copper sulfate, 1% ferrous

Card 1/2



VITANOV, M.P., d-r

Variable irrigation standard in the study of the expenses spent on the equipment of water economy. Tekhnika Bulg 3 no.1:12-17 Ja \*54.

VITANOV, M.P., d-r

Economic security of irrigation undertakings. Tekhnika Bulg 3 no.3125-29 Mr '54.

VITANOV, S.; TODOROV, I.

"Further development of the domestic industry."

p. 5 (Leka Promishlenost, Vol. 6, no. 7, 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 6, June 1958

TRIFONOV, As.; VITANOV, T.

Investigating the complexes of Fe(III) with lactic acid in water solutions. Izv Inst khim BAN 7:309-319 160.

(EEAI 10:9)

1. Khimicheski institut pri BAN.

(Lactic acid) (Iron) (Water) (Solutions)

BUDEWSKI, E. [Budevski, E.]; VITAKOV, T.; BOSTANOV, V.

Mechanical equipment for producing rectangular galvanostatic impulses. Doklady BAN 17 no.8:725-728 \*64.

1. Institute of Physical Chemistry of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia. Vorgelegt von St. Christov [Khristov, St.], korr. Mitglied der Akademie.

Influence Sov. zdrav	of wars on demograp v. 21 no.3:75-79 '62 (U (BULGARIA1	∠. WAR)	Bulgaria. (MIRA 15	3)

WEIGHT DE REMERS DE MENTE BESTERNE DE MESTE DE LES DE LES

VITANOVA, K.

"New broadcasts for our young listeners." p 1. (RADIO PREGLED, Vol. 8 #9, Fet. 1953, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2 #8, Library of Congress, August, 195h, Uncl.

s/137/62/000/003/045/191 A006/A101

AUTHORS:

Aradi, A., Vitanyi, P.

TITLE:

Problems of vanadium metallurgy

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 3, 1962, 22, abstract 30142 ("Kohász lapok", 1961, v. 94, no. 7, 308 - 314, Hungarian; Russian,

English and German summaries)

In Hungary V is obtained by processing wastes in alumina production. On the basis of the raw material amount, V production could be raised by a factor of 1.5. Experiments were made with refining VCl<sub>4</sub> of 0<sub>2</sub>. It was established that VOCl<sub>3</sub> and VCl<sub>4</sub>, unlike VCl<sub>3</sub>, are well dissolved in CCl<sub>4</sub>. This made it possible to separate VCl<sub>3</sub> from VCl<sub>4</sub> and VOCl<sub>3</sub>. VCl<sub>4</sub> should be preliminarily reduced to VCl<sub>3</sub> according to reaction 2VCl<sub>4</sub> + 2HI = 2VCl<sub>3</sub> + 2HCl + I. The VCl<sub>3</sub> obtained was refined by vacuum distillation from I, VCl<sub>4</sub> and VOCl<sub>3</sub>. However, refining from I was not complete. The given technology makes it possible to refine the raw material and to obtain pure V205. B. Mat'yush

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

是一个人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是

\$/137/62/000/001/028/237 A060/A101

AUTHORS:

Aradi Antal, Vitányi Pálné

TITLE:

Chlorination of vanadium

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 1, 1962, 20, abstract 10153 ("Fémipari kutató int. közl.", 1960, 4, 371-380, 403, 417, 427,

Hungarian; Russian, German, English summary)

Investigations were carried out, directed towards obtaining VClu TEXT: from V205 by chlorination reduction. It was established that the degree of oxychloride admixture in the VCl4 obtained depends upon the temperature and carbon concentration.

G. Svodtseva

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

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16. Townser, Laitslaw, Radioser, UVS CSAV.		<u> </u>
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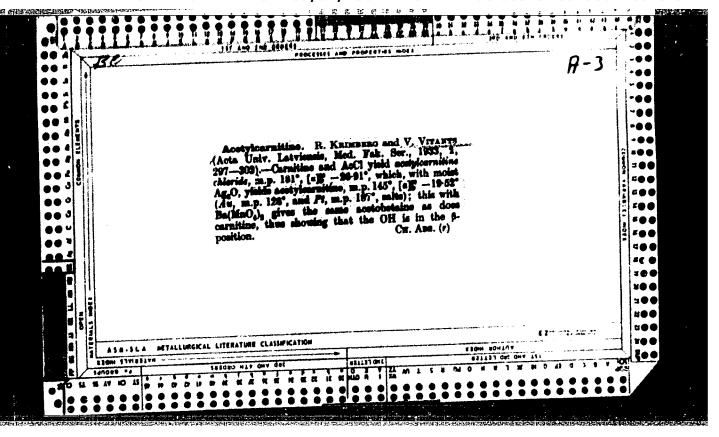
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LEPES, Tibor, Major dr.; VITANOVIC, Radmila, biolog.

Resistence of Anopheles maculipennis to DDT in Macedonia. Voj. san. pregl., Beogr. 13 no.5-6:243-249 May-June 56.

1. Katedra za higijenu i epidemiologiju, VMA. Institut za mikrobiologiju i parazitologiju. Parazitolosko odeljenje.

(MOSQUITOES, eff. of drugs on DDT on Anopheles maculipennis (Ser))

(DDT, eff. on Anopheles maculipennis (Ser))
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VITANYI, IRINA

S/081/62/000/002/062/107 B156/B101

AUTHORS:

Aradi, Antal; Major, Gabriella, Vitányi, Irina

TITLE:

Removal of vanadium oxychloride from vanadium chlorides of

lower valency

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 2, 1962, 364, abstract 2K103 ([Fémipari Kutató Intézet]. Hungarian patent 147788.

30, 11. 60)

TEXT: In order to produce pure VCl<sub>3</sub> (used in the production of metallic vanadium), the initial product is treated several times with an organic nonpolar solvent (CCl<sub>4</sub>, CS<sub>2</sub> or gasoline), and the solution of oxychlorides and chlorides of vanadium with higher valencies separated from the undissolved VCl<sub>3</sub>. The organic phase is then shaken up with water, convert-

ing the vanadium compounds into an aqueous solution. The regenerated solvent is returned for further use, and the compounds of vanadium are precipitated from the aqueous phase and reprocessed into VCl<sub>3</sub>. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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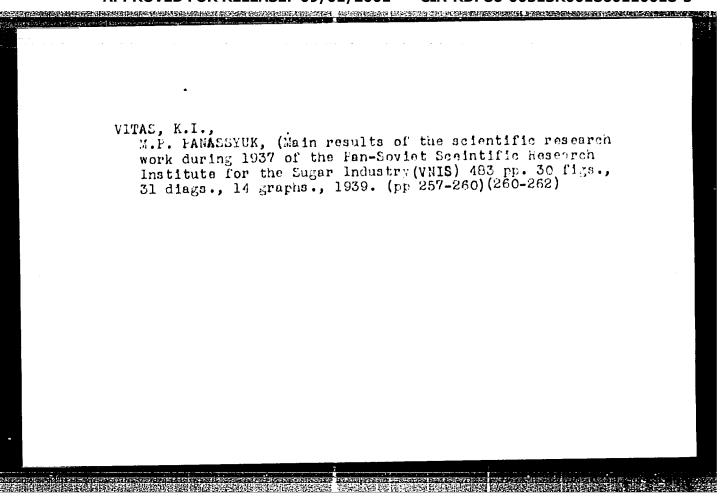
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GERSHENSON, S., KOK, L.P., VITAS, K.I., DOBROVOLSKAYA, G.N. and a SKURATOVSKAYA, L. N.

"Formation of a DNAOcontaining Virus by Host RNA."

report submitted for the 5th Intl. Congress of Biochemistry, Moscow, 10-16 August 1961.

Dept. of Genetics, Inst. of Zoology, Acad. Sci. Ukr SSR



VITAS, K. I.,

WEffect of Various Methods of Pre-sowing Treatment of Beet Seed on Infection with Korneed ( A Complex Disease), in Principas Conclusions of the Scientific-Research Work of the All Union Scientific-Research Institute for the Sugar Industry for 1937, State Technological-Economical Publishing House of Food Industry, Moscow, 1939, pp. 255-257. 65.9 V96

So: Sira - Si-90-53, 15 Dec. 1953

VITAS, K. I.

K. I. Vitas, "Study of the Fungus Botrytis cinerea Pers. and Other Fungi for Use during Microbiological Analysis of the Infection of Beet Roots by Storage Rot," in Principal Conclusions of the Scientific-Research Work of the All Union Scientific - Research Institute for the Sugar Industry for 1938. State Technological-Economical Publishing House of Food Industry, Moscow, 1940, pp. 166-167. 65.9 V96

SO: Sira Si 90-53, 15 Dec 1953

VITAS, K. I.

See: SALUNSKAIA, N. I., GOMOLIAKO, N. I., and GRINBERG, D. N.

VITAS, K. I. "Study of Rhizoctonia on Sugar Beets," in Principal
Conclusions of the Scientific-Research Work of the All Union
Scientific-Research Institute for the Sugar Industry for
1937, State Technological-Economical Publishing House of
Food Industry, Moscow, 1939, pp. 260-262. 65.9 V96

So: Sira - Si - 90- 53, 15 December 1953

GERSHENZON, S.M.; KOK, I.P.; VITAS, K.I.; DOBROVOL'SKAYA, G.N.

[Dobrovol's'ka, H.M.]; SKURATOVSKAYA, I.N. [Skuratovs'ka, I.N.]

Formation of a virus containing deoxyribonucleic acid by a ribonucleic acid host. Dop. AN URSR no. 12:1638-1641 '60.

(MIRA 14:1)

1. Institut zoologii AN USSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G. Kas'yanenko.

(Silkworms) (Nucleic acids) (Viruses)

VITAS, K. I., DOBROVOLSKAYA, G. N., SKURATOVSKAYA, I. N., GERSHENZON, S.M., KOK, I. P., (USSR)

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

"DNA Containing Virus Formation with the Acid of Host RNA."

Report presented at the 5th Int'l. Biochemistry Congress, Moscow, 10-16 Aug 1961.

29li59 P/033/61/013/004/002/005 D250/D302

16.3100

AUTHORS: Babuska, Ivo, and Vitásek, Emil (Prague)

TITLE: The Wiener-Hopf technique in the theory of difference

equations (II)

PERIODICAL: Archiwum mechaniki stosowanej, v. 13, no. 4, 1961,

457-468

TEXT: The authors extend the discussion of their previous work (Ref. 1: Wiener-Hopf technique in the theory of difference equations (I), Arch. Mech. stos. 1, 13 (1961) 3-21) to two dimensions. The problem is defined as follows:  $M_2$  denotes the set of all mesh points in the two-dimensional Euclidean space, and  $R_2$  the set of all appropriately bounded complex functions defined on  $M_2$ . Let  $DCM_2$ .  $R_2^{(D)}$  will indicate a subspace of the space  $R_2$  of functions f, for which

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

$$f(r) = 0 \text{ for all } r \in M_2 - D$$
 (2.2)

Let  $f \in \mathbb{R}_2$ . The function  $f^{(D)} \in \mathbb{R}_2^{(D)}$  is made to correspond the function f, according to the rule

$$f^{(D)}(r) = f(r)$$
 for all  $r \in D$  (2.3)

Let  $\hat{R}_2$  be the set of all functions  $a \in R_2$ , for which the following holds: For every integer  $p \gg 0$  there exists a constant  $C_p \gg 0$ , such that

$$|a(r_1, r_2)| \le \frac{c_p}{(1+|r_1|^p)(1+|r_2|^p)}$$
 (2.4)

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

for all  $r \in M_2$ . Further let  $a \in \widehat{R}_2$ . Then a mapping A defined by the rule

$$(Af)(r_1,r_2) = \sum_{s_1=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{s_2=-\infty}^{\infty} a(r_1-s_1, r_2-s_2)f(s_1,s_2)$$
 (2.5)

is the convolution mapping of the space  $R_2$  into  $R_2$ . Let  $A^{\left(D\right)}$  designate the mapping of the space  $R_2^{\left(D\right)}$  into the space  $R_2^{\left(D\right)}$ , defined by the rule  $A^{\left(D\right)}f=\left(Af\right)^{\left(D\right)}$ ,

$$A^{(D)}f = (Af)^{(D)}$$
 (2.6)

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

The problem of finding a function  $g \in \mathbb{R}_2^{(D)}$  such that  $A^{(D)}g = f$ ,

$$A^{(D)}g = f (2.7)$$

is called the Wiener-Hopf A-problem on the set D. Then the solution is given by the following theorem: Let D be an arbitrary set of mesh points, W(D) its WH-kernel, and W(M2-D) the WH-kernel of its complement. Further let a K1, K2 decomposition be possible for A, such that K1 (W(D), K2 (W(M2-D)). Then the Wiener-Hopf A-problem on the set D has one and only one solution for each right hand side  $f \in \mathbb{R}_2^{(D)}$ . This solution is given by the formula

$$g = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{3c} \mathcal{F} (\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\mathcal{F} d\mathcal{F})) \right\}$$
 (5.2)

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

where

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{F}_{c} = e^{\mathcal{F}([\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\ln \mathcal{F}_{\alpha})]^{(K_{1})}),} \\ \mathcal{F}_{d} = e^{-\mathcal{F}([\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\ln \mathcal{F}_{\alpha})]^{(K_{2}-K_{1})})} \end{cases}$$
(5.7)

The WH-kernel of the set D is denoted by W(D) and defined as follows: Let r be an arbitrary fixed mesh point rED. Further let  $p_r(\phi)$  be a ray originating in this point and forming an angle  $p_r(\phi)$  be a ray originating in the axis  $p_r(\phi)$ . Let a ray  $p_r(\phi)$  originates of such  $p_r(\phi)$ , for which  $(p_r(\phi) \cap M_2) \subset D$ . Let a ray  $p_r(\phi)$  originating in the origin and forming the same angle with the positive direction of the axis  $p_r(\phi)$ . Thus a cerrection of the axis  $p_r(\phi)$  or rays originating in the origin, tain set is made - call it  $p_r(\phi)$  of rays originating in the origin,

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

corresponding to every point r ED. Then

$$W(D) = (\bigcap_{r \in D} V_r^{(0)}) \cap M_2$$
 (4.19)

 $K_1$ ,  $K_2$  decomposition for the operator A is said to be possible if sets and functions described as follows exist: Let  $\alpha \in \widehat{R}_2$  and let  $\alpha$  have the index zero. Further let  $\alpha$  have the property that the sets  $K_1$ ,  $K_2 \in \mathcal{M}_2$  exist, such that  $\mathfrak{F}^{-1}(\ln \mathfrak{F}\alpha) \in K_1 \cup K_2$ . Then there exist such functions c and d,  $c \in \widehat{R}_2$ ,  $d \in \widehat{R}_2$ , c, d have the index  $(K_1)$   $(K_2)$  zero,  $c \in \mathbb{R}_2$ ,  $d \in \mathbb{R}_2$  that

$$\mathcal{F}\alpha = \frac{\mathcal{F}c}{\mathcal{F}d} \tag{4.16}$$

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

The Fourier transform is defined by:

$$\Im f = \sum_{s \in M_2} f(s)e^{i(s_1x_1+s_2x_2)}$$
 (4.8)

Say that  $\alpha \in \hat{\mathbb{R}}_2$  has the index zero if  $\mathcal{F} \alpha \neq 0$  for all  $X \in \mathbb{E}_2$ ;

$$[Arg(\mathcal{F}a)(x_1,x_2)]_{x_1=0}^{x_1=2\pi} = 0, \ [Arg(\mathcal{F}a)(x_1,x_2)]_{x_1=0}^{x_2=2\pi} = 0$$
 (4.10)

Also assume that the set K(M<sub>2</sub> belongs to the class  $\mathfrak{M}_2$ , if it Card 7/8

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The Wiener-Hopf technique ...

is formed by all the mesh points lying on all rays  $p(\gamma)$ , issuing from the origin and forming an angle  $\gamma$  with the positive direction of the axis  $x_1$ , such that  $\alpha \leqslant \gamma \leqslant \beta$  or  $\alpha \leqslant \gamma \leqslant \beta$ , where  $\beta - \alpha \leqslant \gamma \leqslant \gamma$ . The theorem is applied to a heat-conduction-type problem, to the difference analogue of the equation  $\nabla^2 u - \alpha u = f$  and to that of the equation  $\nabla^4 u + 12 \nabla^2 u + 36u = f$ ; it is found that the second of these problems can be solved by this technique only when the domain D is a half-plane, but the first and third can be solved for more general domains. There are 4 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Mathematical Institute of the Czechoslovak Acadeny

of Sciences

SUBMITTED: January 25, 1961

Card 8/8

BABUSHKA, I.; PRAGER, M.; VITASEK, E. (Pruga)

Closure of computation processes and the drift method. Zhur.
vych. mat. 1 mat. fiz. 4 no.2:351-353 Mr-Ap '64.

(MIRA 17:7)

# VITASEK, Emil

"Numerical solution of ordinary and partial differential equations" edited by L.Fox. Reviewed by Emil Vitasek. Aplikace mat. 8 no.4:314-315 163.

WIESKA, Ivo; VITASEK, Emil

Wiener-Hopf technique in the theory of difference equations. II. Archiw mech 13 no.4:457-469 '61.

1. Mathematical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Praha.

# VITASEK, Emil

A numerical calculation of quasi-stationary solution of heat conduction equation. Aplikace mat 5 no.6:412-441 '60.

是一个人,这个人,我们也是一个人的人,我们也是一个人的人,我们也是一个人的人,我们也没有一个人的人,我们也没有一个人的人,我们也没有一个人的人,我们也没有一个人

1. Author's address: Matematicky ustav, Praha-Nove Mesto, Zitna 25.

BABUSKA. Ivo, (Praha); Vitasek, Emil (Praha)

Wiener-Hope technique in the theory of difference equations. Archiw mech 13 no.4:457-469 '61.

1. Mathematical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Praha.

21,740 z/026/60/005/006/001/002 D256/D304

24.5200(1/64,1537) 16.3900 UTHOR: Vitasek, Emil'

AUTHOR:

TITLE:

Numerical treatment of the quasi-stationary solution for the heat conducting equation

PERIODICAL: Aplikace matematiky, v. 5, no. 6, 1960, 412 - 441

TEXT: This is a continuation of previous work published by the TEXT: This is a continuation of previous work published by the author (Ref. 1: Uber die quasistationäre Lösung der Wärmeleitungs-author (Ref. 1: Where die quasistationäre Lösung der Wärmeleitungs-gleichungen, Apl. Mat. 5, 1960, 109 - 140) and describes the following problems: Let  $h_n = h_0/2^n$ ,  $\tau_n = \tau_0/2^{2n}$  ( $n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots$ ), lowing problems: Let  $h_n = h_0/2^n$ ,  $\tau_n = \tau_0/2^{2n}$  ( $n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots$ ),  $h_0 = b/N_1$ ,  $\tau_0 = t_0/N_2$  ( $N_1$ ,  $N_2$  are natural numbers)

 $0 < \frac{\tau_n}{ah_n^2} = \beta < \frac{1}{2}$ 

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Numerical treatment of the ...

a, b,  $t_0$  are positive constants.  $S_n$  represents a multitude of points  $[kh_n, l\tau_n] \in E_2(k, l = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2 ...)$  and similarly  $S_n^{(0)}$  $(S_n^{(1)})$  a multitude of points  $kh_n \in E_1(l\tau_n \in E_1)(k(1) = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2,$ ...). The points of the network  $S_n$ ,  $S_n^{(i)}$  will be called nodes and the functions defined on  $S_n$ ,  $S_n^{(1)} = \text{network functions.}$  If  $A_n$  is an operator which to the function  $f_n(x)$  defined on  $(0, \infty)$  coordinates the solution of the equation  $\frac{u_{n}(x, t + \tau_{n}) - u_{n}(x, t)}{\tau_{n}} - \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{u_{n}(x + h_{n}, t) - 2u_{n}(x, t) + u_{n}(x - h_{n}, t)}{h_{n}^{2}}$ (2.3.2)

 $= \frac{1}{\tau_n} z_n(x, t + \tau_n)$ 

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21,140 Z/026/60/005/006/001/002 D256/D304

Numerical treatment of the ...

[x, t] E( $\langle 0, \infty \rangle$  ·  $\langle 0, T \rangle$ )  $\cap$  S<sub>n</sub>; z<sub>n</sub>(x, t) is a network function defined by the relations:

and by the relations:
$$z_{n}(x, t) = \int_{t-t_{n}}^{t} q(s + kt_{0}) ds \text{ for } kb < x < (k + 1)b,$$
(2.3.3)

$$z_{n}(kb, t) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{t-\tau_{n}}^{t} q(s + (k-1)t_{0})ds + \int_{t-\tau_{n}}^{t} q(s + kt_{0})ds \right],$$
(4) is a given function

(a, T are positive constants, T >  $t_{0}$ , q(t) is a given function) under the initial condition of  $u_n(x, 0) = 0$  for 0 < x < b,  $u_n(x, 0) = 0$  for 0 < x < b,  $u_n(x, 0) = 0$  for 0 < x < b and the marginal condition u(0, t)= 0 for t > 0, for  $t = t_0$  that is  $(A_n f)(x) = u_n(x, t_0)$ . It is

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Numerical treatment of the ...

shown that in some quantities of the network function  $\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{n}}$  there exists a quasi-stationary solution, if there is such a function  $f_n \in M_n$  that  $(A_n f_n)$   $(x) = f_n(x)$  is valid. The following theorems are proved: Theorem 1: If  $M_n$  is the multitude of function  $f_n$  defined for  $\langle 0, \infty \rangle \cap S_n^{(0)}$  for which is valid:

$$0 \le f_n(x) \le \alpha x + b\alpha, \quad x \in (0, \infty) \cap S_n^{(0)}$$

$$0 \le f_n(x) \le \alpha x + b\alpha, \quad x \in (0, \infty) \cap S_n^{(0)}$$

$$0 \le f_n(x) \le \alpha x + b\alpha, \quad x \in (0, \infty) \cap S_n^{(0)}$$

$$0 \le f_n(x) \le \alpha x + b\alpha, \quad x \in (0, \infty) \cap S_n^{(0)}$$

( $\alpha$  is a definite constant): Then the function q(t) from Eq.(2.3.3) is continuous, positive, and limited in 0,  $\infty$ . There then exists in M<sub>n</sub> one quasi-stationary solution. Theorem 2: Let

$$f_n^{(0)} \in M_n$$
,  $f_n^{(k+1)} = A_n f_n^{(k)}$ ,  $k = 0, 1, 2 \cdots$ 

then the function  $f_n^{(k)}$  converges for  $k \to \infty$  uniformly with the quasi-stationary solution. Theorem 3: If  $f_n$  is the quasi-stationa-Card 4/5

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Numerical treatment of the ...

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ry network solution, the network function  $f_n(x)$  is defined for those x, for which it is not defined in linear fashion. The column of continuous function thus gained will then converge for  $n \to \infty$  locally uniform with the quasi-stationary solution. There are 6 references, 5 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Matematicky istav Praha (Mathematical Institute, Prague)

SUBMITTED: November 6, 1959

Card 5/5

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Vitásek, Emil (Prague)

The n-dimensional Fourier transform in the theory of AUTHOR:

difference equations TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Archiwum mechaniki stoswanej, v. 12, no. 2, 960,

TEXT: According to its contents, the present paper belongs to the series of studies originated by I. Babuska (Ref. 1: The fourier Transform in the Theory of Difference Equations and its pplications, Arch. Mech. stos., 4, 11, 1959, 349-381). In these studies an attempt is made to construct a theory of integral transforms of functions defined at the meshpoints of a net in such a manner that it becomes possible to make use of the theory redifference equations and the such a manner that the such as the such a such a such as the such a such a such as the such tion problems, analogically, as integral transforms are presently used for the solution of differential equations. The contents of this paper cover the theory of the n-dimensional Fourier transform

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The n dimensional Fourier ...

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of mesh functions; in this respect it is closely connected to (Ref. 1: 0p.cit.) where this theory was constructed for the one-dimensional case. The Fourier transform of Mesh Functions is a periodic nal case. The whole set of functions which have continuous defunction over the whole set of functions which have continuous derivatives of all orders and for which the following is true: for rivatives of all orders and for which the following is true: for every two n-tuplets of non-negative integers  $p = (p_1; \dots, p_n)$ , every two n-tuplets of non-negative integers  $p = (p_1; \dots, p_n)$ , such that  $q = (q_1, \dots, q_n)$  there exists a constant  $C_{p,q}$  such that

 $/x^p D^q \varphi(x) / C_{p,q}$  (2.1)

for every

$$x \in E_n$$
  $(x^p \equiv x_1^{p_1} \dots x_n^{p_n}, D^q \equiv \frac{\partial q_1 + \dots + q_n}{\partial x_1^{q_1} \dots \partial x_n^{q_n}}).$ 

It is shown that similarly to the one-dimensional case, the mapping is algebraically and topologically isomorphic. A number of examples are given to illustrate the theory, the most significant

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The n-dimensional Fourier ...

P/033/60/012/002/004/008 D214/D301

ones being

(4.1) 
$$H[g(s_1+1,s_2)+g(s_1-1,s_2)+g(s_1,s_2+1)+g(s_1,s_2-1)-4g(s_1,s_2)]- -Cg(s_1,s_2)=-f(s_1,s_2),$$
 (4.1)

en inelastic plane network on elastic supports with a constant horizontal projection H of stress, and

(4.3) 
$$\begin{cases} a(0,0) = -4H - C, \\ a(1,0) = a(-1,0) = a(0,1) = a(0,-1) = H, \\ a(s_1,s_2) = 0 \quad \text{for} \quad ||s|| > 1. \end{cases}$$
 (4.3)

Green's function of the difference equation of heat conduction in variables. There are 6 references: 5 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Matematical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of Scien-

SUBMITTED: November 25, 1959

Card 3/3

23518 P/033/61/013/001/001/009 D242/D301

244200 1103, 1327, 1121 also 2807

AUTHORS: Babuška, Ivo and Vitásek, Emil (Prague)

TITLE: The Wiener-Hopf technique in the theory of difference

equations

PERIODICAL: Archiwum mechaniki stosowanej, v. 13, no. 1, 1961,

3-21

TEXT: In this paper, the results of I. Babuska's work (Ref. 1: The Fourier Transform in the Theory of Difference Equations and its Applications, Arch. Mech. Stos., 11 (1959) 349-381) is extended to Applications, Arch. Mech. Stos., 11 (1959) 349-381) is extended to the solution of the Wiener-Hopf problem in the one-dimensional case. The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follows: M denotes the set of all integers; The problem is defined as follo

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The Wiener-Hopf technic	me	P/033/61/0 D242/D301	13/001/001/009	
Then the map A of the		defined by the	relation	
(Af)(n)	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} f(1)a(r)$	1)	(2.3)	
is called the convolute having the properties ined by (A <sub>+</sub> f) = (Af) <sub>+</sub> ; lem of finding a functing given. If a ∈ R has in	then the Wiene	r-Hopf A+ prol	olem is the property is	f- b-
g ==	$\mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{\mathcal{F}c}\mathcal{F}\left(\mathcal{F}^{-1}\right)\right\}$	4VIT)	(5.1)	
where $q_c = e^{3(c)}$	$[\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\operatorname{le}\mathcal{F}a)]_{+}),  \mathcal{F}d=e^{-S}$	([T <sup>-1</sup> (1gTs)])	(5.2)	
where J is the Fourier			t	
Card 2/3				ï

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The Wiener-Hopf technique...

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and  $a \in R$  has an index equal to zero, if a)  $\mathcal{J}a \neq 0$  for all x, b) ( $\lg \mathcal{F}a$ ) ( $\pi$ ) - ( $\lg \mathcal{F}a$ ) (- $\pi$ ) = 0 where a single branch of  $\lg$  is taken in the whole interval. If  $\mathcal{F}a$  is a real-valued function and if there is ( $\mathcal{F}a$ )( $\chi$ )  $\neq$  0 for all  $\chi$ , then a has index 0. The use of the theorem is demonstrated by the solution of two problems: the first is that of an inelastic network on an elastic support of the Winkler type; the second is the relaxation of Poisson's problem for an infinite strip with mixed boundary conditions. There are 2 figures and 9 references: 8 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: B. Noble, Method Based on the Wiener-Hopf Technique for the Solution of Partial Differential Equations, Pergamon-Press, London, New-York, Paris, Los-Angeles, 1958.

ASSOCIATION: Mathematical Institute of the Czechoslovak Academy

of Sciences

SUBMITTED: August 1, 1960

Card 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860110018-5"

VITASEK, E.

\*\*Effect of the formulation of marginal conditions on the speed of convergence in the solution of partial differential equations by the difference method\*\*

p. 163 (Institute of Mathematics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences) Vol. 2, no. 3, 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, no. 5, May 1958

Influence of the Formulation of the Boundary Conditions on the Convergence Rate of the Solution of Partial Differential Equations by the Difference Method

Vitasek, Emil. Einfluss der Formulierung der Randbedingungen auf die Konvergenzgeschwindigkeit bei der Lösung von partiellen Differentialgleichungen mittels der Differenzenmethode. Apl. Mat. 2 (1957), 163-183. (Czech. /- //w Russian and German summaries)

Die vorliegende Untersuchung zerfällt in fünf Abschnitte. Zuerst wird die Lösung der partiellen Differentialgleichung (\*)  $\partial^2 u/\partial x^2 = \partial u/\partial t$  im Bereich R: (0 < x < a, 0 < t < T) unter den Anfangsbedingungen

$$u(x, 0) = p(x) \text{ for } 0 < x < a;$$

$$\frac{\partial u(0, t)}{\partial n} = Q_1(t), \quad \frac{\partial u(a, t)}{\partial n} = Q_2(t), \quad 0 < t < T.$$

behandelt. Wird p gewählt, und die Ebene (x, t) innerhalb R mit Geraden x=mh,  $t=n\tau$  überdeckt, wobei h=a/p,  $\tau=\beta h^3$ ,  $0<\beta<\frac{1}{2}$ , m, n ganz, so bestimmen die Schnittpunkte dieser Geraden ein von den Parametern h und  $\tau$  abhängiges Netzmaschensystem. Die Methode der Lösung der Differentialgleichung (\*) mit Hilfe einer solchen Netzüberdeckung (Differenzenmethode) kommt auf die Kenntnis einer Funktion U(x,t) hinaus, die in den Maschenpunkten innerhalb  $R: (0 \le x \le a, 0 \le t \le T)$  definiert ist

Ju 1/3

und in jedem in R gelegenen Maschenpunkt den Bedingungen

$$\frac{U(x+h,t)-2U(x,t)+U(x-h,t)}{h^2} = \frac{U(x,t+\tau)-U(x,t)}{\tau}$$

und U(x, 0) = p(x) auf der Geraden t=0,  $0 \le x \le a$  genügt. An Stelle der Anfangsbedingungen treten die Differenzengleichungen

$$\frac{U(h, t) - U(0, t)}{h} = -Q_1(t), \frac{U(a, t) - U(a - h, t)}{h} = Q_2(t).$$

Mit U und u ist auch ε(x, t)=U(x, t)-u(x, t) in jedem Maschenpunkt innerhalb R definiert. Für ε(x, t) wird bewiesen: die Funktion ε(x, t) genügt in R der Abschätzung |ε(x, t)|≤Mh, wobei M nur von R, von u und den Ableitungen dieser Funktion bis zu vierten Ordnung, aber für hinreichend kleine h nicht von h abhängt. Die Funktion u(x, t) kann dabei den angegebenen Bedingungen unterworfen werden, wobei für t≥to>0 die Geschwindigkeit der Nullkonvergenz von ε(x, t) genau durch h gegeben ist. Als Anwendungen der Theorie bieten sich die zweiten und dritten Randwertaufgaben der Theorie der Wärmeleitung im ein- und zweidimensionalen Fall sowie das dritte Randwertproblem für die Laplacesche

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Influence of the Formulation of the Boundary Conditions on the Convergence Rate of the Solution of Partial Differential Equations by the Difference Method

Influence of the Formulation of the Boundary Conditions on the Convergence Rate of the Solution of Partial Differential Equations by the Difference Method Gleichung \$\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{4-16}\text{4-16}\text{3-\text{4-16}}\text{4-16}\text

VITASEK, Emil (Praha, Czechoslovakia)

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The non-dimensional Fourier transform in the theory of difference equations. Archiv mech 12 no.2:185-202 '60.

]. Mathematical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences.

BABUSKA, Ivo; VITASEK, Emil (Praha)

Wiener-Hopf technique in the theory of difference equations. I.

Archiw mech 13 no.1:3-21 '61.

1. Mathematical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of sciences, Praha.

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Without Fmil (Candidate of sciences)	-
ORG: Mathematical Institute, CSAV, Prague (Matematicky ustr.	
TITLE: Stability of numerical processes	
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TOPIC TAGS: numeric analysis, parameter	
ABSTRACT: The article defines numerical process and gives examples of them which show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. Numerical processes show their features which lead to questions of their stability. All the dependence of are examined which depend on an arbitrarily chosen parameter, and the dependence of stability on that parameter is described. Orig. art. has: 7 figures, 24 formulas, and 4 tables. [JPRS]	
SUB CODE: 12 / SUEM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 002 SOV REF: 001	
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